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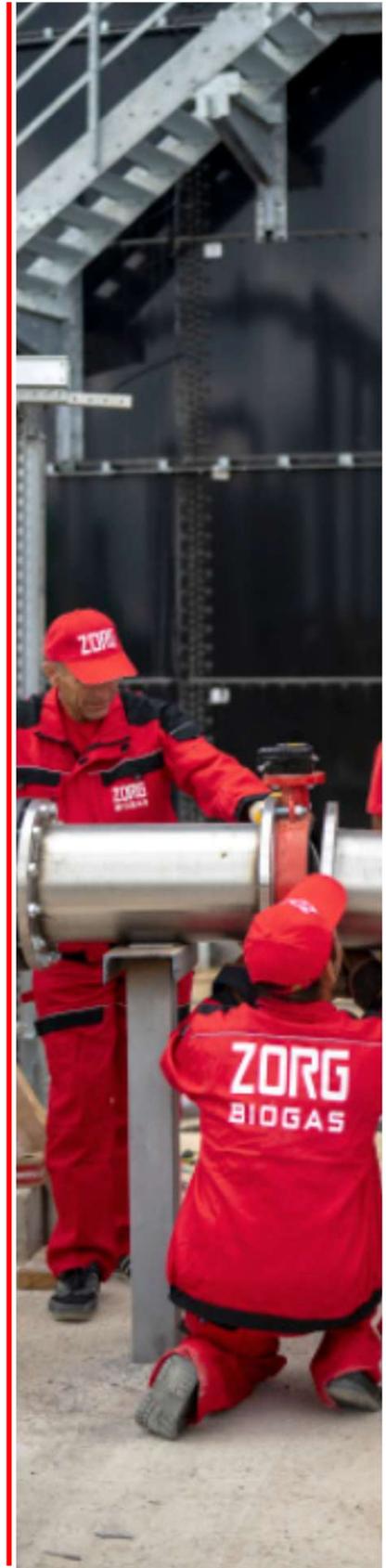
version

Proposal

Biogas plant using Napier grass
4000kW x12h (netto)



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CONTENT

Overview	3
Raw material potential	4
Biogas plant characteristics	5
Working principle	6
Technological process of biogas production	7
Main equipment	8
Solid feeder	9
Reactor	10
Reactor vertical agitator	11
Window with spotlight	12
Pump equipment	13
Separator	14
Receiving tank and filtrate tank	15
Submersible mixer	16
Gasholder	17
Biogas cooling system	18
Biogas compressor	19
Desulphurization system	20
Biogas burner	21
Cogeneration power plant	22
Water supplying and sewerage system	23
Heating system	24
Dry cooler (cooling substrate system)	25
Automation and electrical equipment	26
Sensors set	27
Laboratory	28
Specification list	29
Appendices:	34
Appendix 1. Material flow diagram	35
Appendix 2. Basic diagram	36
Appendix 3. Plan of biogas plant	37
Appendix 4. Electric power consumption	38
Appendix 5. Prices for equipment and Zorg' services	39
Appendix 6. Terms and payments	40
Appendix 7. List of exclusions	41



OVERVIEW

We offer a solution to process Napier grass into biogas in a single high-load reactor (HLR). The proposed HLR technology is superior to the conventional CSTR. HLR is 3 times smaller and cheaper than CSTR. Zorg makes the detailed engineering, supplies equipment and provides supervision during construction as well as training and start-up. The construction and installation are done by Customer under Zorg' supervision and quality control.

The amount of Napier grass and the volume of the reactor depends on the quality of the grass and the harvesting age. For the grass 27% TS, harvested in 80 days, the amount of grass is 128 tonnes a day and a reactor $V=4510 \text{ m}^3$ is required. But for a grass with 33% total solid, that is harvested in 120 days, it's enough 105 tonnes grass a day.

Biogas produced will be accumulated in the gasholder for 12 hours and then, during the night-time, it will be directed to CHP units and combusted to generate electrical and thermal energy.

To enable the accumulation of biogas and its subsequent rapid combustion in the CHP unit in limited time (in 12 hours), blowers with different capacities are used. For transferring biogas from the reactor to the gasholder, 1st stage blowers are installed, while higher-capacity 2nd stage blowers are installed for supplying accumulated for the day biogas to the CHP units during only 12hours. Two blowers are installed for both the 1st and 2nd stages (one operating and one standby). Since biogas requires continuous extraction and uninterrupted delivery to the gasholder storage and from it, ensuring reliable blower operation at each stage is critically important.

Raw material potential

Substrate	Quantity (tonnes/day)	Quantity (tonnes/year)	DM content: (%)	ODM content (%)	DM quantity (tonne s/ day)	ODM quantity (tonnes / day)	Biogas yield (m ³ / tonneODM)	Biogas (m ³ /day)	Methane content (%)
Napier grass (27%TS)	128	46 720	27	96	34,56	33,18	690	22 892	52

Substrate	Quantity (tonnes/day)	Quantity (tonnes/year)	DM content: (%)	ODM content (%)	DM quantity (tonne s/ day)	ODM quantity (tonnes / day)	Biogas yield (m ³ / tonneODM)	Biogas (m ³ /day)	Methane content (%)
Napier grass (33%TS)	105	38 325	33	96	34,65	33,26	690	22 952	52

*-DM- Dry matter

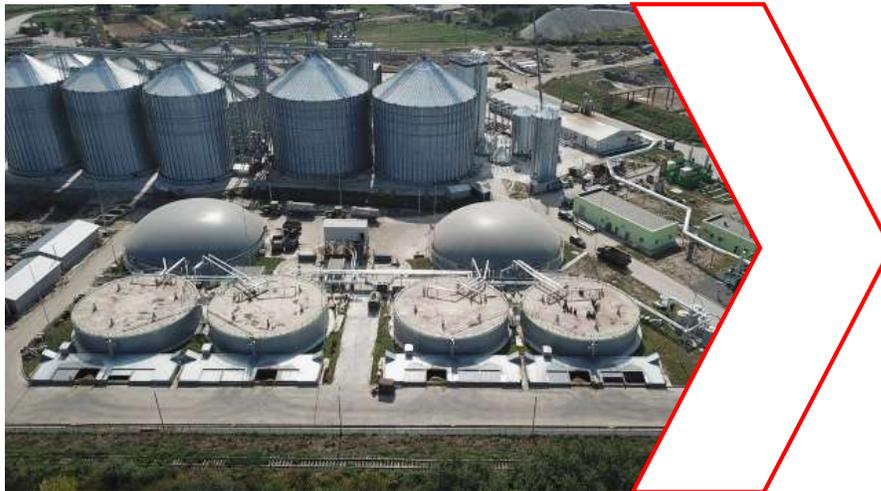
**-ODM- organic dry matter

Biogas plant characteristics

Characteristics	Values	Figures
Number of reactors	units	1
Volume:		
Work	m ³	4250
Overall		4510
Temperature	°C	52
Overall dimensions of the digester:		
diameter	m	24,0
height		10,0
Organic load	kgODM/m3	7,81
Hydraulic retention time (gross/net)	days	35/34
Number of gasholders	units	1
Volume:	m ³	13 090
Dimensions of the gasholder:		
LxWxH	m	54x30x15

Number of personnel

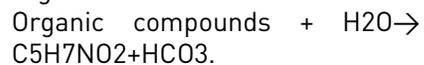
	Shift 1	Shift 2	Shift 3
Plant manager	1	-	-
Operator	1	1	1
Driver	1	1	-
Electrician	1	-	-
Mechanic	1	-	-
Total	8		



Biogas plant working principle



The technology is based on the biochemical conversion of organic materials from high molecular weight compounds to low molecular weight compounds. The first stage of this process is hydrolysis. Hydrolysis produces organic acids and alcohols.



Further conversion of obtained dissolved compounds like organic acids and alcohols (C₅H₇NO₂, HCO₃) into gases - CH₄, CO₂. C₅H₇NO₂ + HCO₃ + H₂O → CH₄ + CO₂ + NH₄.

Biological process of consecutive (phasic) conversion of organic compounds take place in anaerobic environment i.e. in oxygen-free tank (biological reactor). At the first stage of fermentation, substrate hydrolysis take place under acidogenic bacteria influence. At the second stage, elementary organic compounds come through hydrolysis oxidation by means of hetero-acidogenic bacteria with production of acetate, carbon dioxide, and free hydrogen. The

other part of the organic compound including acetate forms C₁ compounds (elementary organic acids). Produced substances are the feedstock for methanogenic bacteria of the third type. This stage flows in two processes of A and B type the character which depends on caused by different bacteria type. These two types of bacteria convert the compound obtained during the first and second stages into methane CH₄, water H₂O and carbon dioxide CO₂. Methanogenic bacteria are more sensitive to the living environment compared to acidogenic bacteria. They require a complete anaerobic environment and a longer reproduction period. The speed and scale of anaerobic fermentation depends on bacteria metabolic activity. That is why the biogas plant chemical process includes hydrolysis stage, oxidation, and methanization stage. For that kind of substrate, these processes take place in the same reactor

Technological process of biogas production

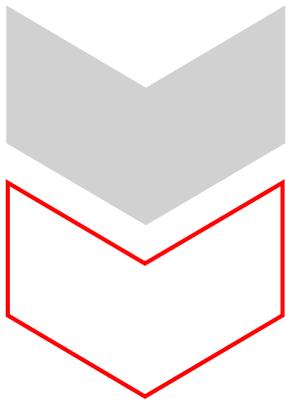
Napier grass is directed to solid feeder. The solid feeder input substrate by portion to reactor using augers. In the reactor the substrate is brought up to a temperature of +52°C. Constant temperature is sustained for the entire digesting period. To prevent a rise in temperature (for example, in summer), the biogas station is equipped with a coolers (dry cooling). The reactor's operating regime is thermophilic. The heated substrate in the reactor is blended periodically. Mixing is performed by vertical agitators. The average time of processing in the reactors is 34 days. After the reactor, the substrate is fed by pump to a separator area where it is separated into solid and liquid bio-fertilizer. Solid bio-fertilizer is discharged from the separation area and transported for storage; liquid filtrate is directed to a lagoon. Biogas goes up under overlap and delivered with 1st- stage biogas blowers into a gasholder through pipelines. The gas holder's weather protective film protects the gasholder from precipitation and damage by foreign objects. The weather protective film is fixed firmly by a special system. To protect the gasholder from overpressure, digesters are equipped with safety valves, which start working at a pressure of 5 mbars and bleeds biogas to the atmosphere.

Then accumulated in gasholders biogas goes through the gas pipeline to a chiller with a condensate

discharge unit and then to 2nd-stage biogas blower and, where the pressure is raised up to 80-150 mbar to meet engine requirements. After the compressor, biogas is fed to activated coal filters to remove hydrogen sulfide (H₂S). After filters, biogas goes to cogeneration power plants, where it is used as fuel for production of electricity and heat. Heat from the congenators is fed to a heat exchanger for heating the digesters. Heating equipment is used for distribution of heat between biogas plant facilities.

All technological processes are controlled and operated by an automatic system. Biogas plant work is monitored at the central control room monitor. The control room is equipped with a central control unit, which allows the switching of any biogas plant module into automatic or manual mode with local or remote control.

MAIN EQUIPMENT





Solid feeder (SF-01)

Solid feeder machines have been proven in various situations. Solid feeder has the solid design, which guarantees a maximum functionality and less maintenance, combined to a low energy consumption. Because of the vertically oriented walls, there is no change for the material to get stuck or build bridges. The conveyor chains and the milling-unit allow continuous dosing by various types of materials. Furthermore, the material is loosened by this dosing process. The user is able to control the material flow up to 20m³/h or more, regarding to the own consumption of electrical power by the machine. In addition, the corrosion protection, wear resistance and high quality allow customers to use our product for a long period of time.

Specifications

Height:	3,6 m
Length:	12,9 m
Width:	2,6 m
Volume:	50 m³
Quantity:	1 pcs.

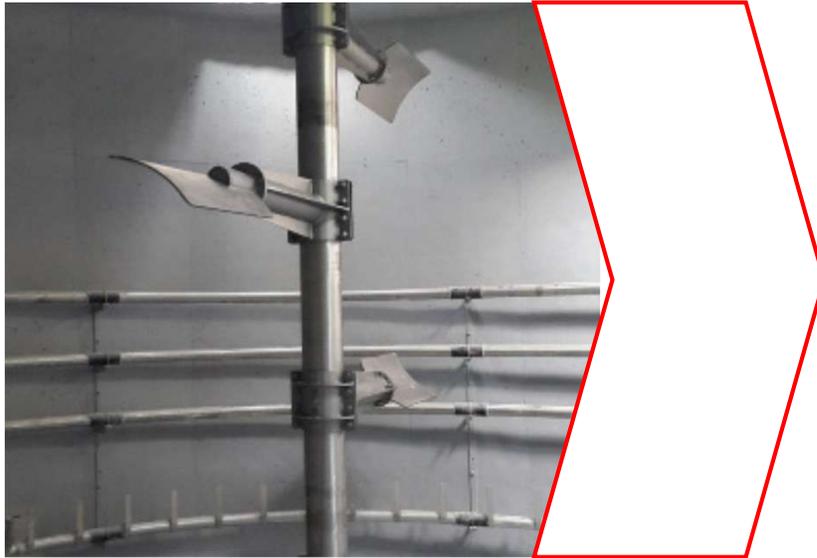


Reactor (R-01)

Reactor is a tank of cylindrical form (for better mixing during the fermentation). It is built of cast-in-situ reinforced concrete based on sulphate-resistant cement with thickness of walls and bottom - 0,25m. Overlap of reactor is reinforced concrete plate. On the tank's wall and in the bottom there is to be installed pipelines for heating, intended for assurance and maintenance of the optimal fermentation process temperature at thermophilic conditions. For heat conservation and reduction of heat energy consumption, the reactor walls, overlap and bottom are insulated outside with 100 mm slabs of extruded polystyrene foam. Over the heater, the substructure walls and bottom are insulated with roll damp proofing. Superstructure and substructure heat insulation is protected by shaped sheet from the outside mechanical damages and rodents. The reactor's bottom has a slope 1%.

Specifications

Height:	10,0 m
Diameter:	24,0 m
Total volume:	4510 m³
Substrate volume	4250 m³
Quantity:	1 pcs.



Reactor vertical agitator (AG-01 ... AG-05)

Vertical agitators are designed and engineered to guarantee high energy efficiency. We use gear units and motors from respected European manufacturers. This guarantees the long life of our mixers. All motors and gear units are available with ATEX certifications.

Agitators are designed for mixing substrates with a high solids content of 13-18%. The blades of the mixers are set at an optimum angle, and the external motor of the mixer is mounted on a special support.

Specifications

Engine power:	15 kW
Quantity per reactor:	5 pcs
Total quantity:	5 pcs



Window with spotlight (SG-01)

Inspection windows are designed for visual control of processes inside the fermenter. Spotlights were made in explosion-proof with automatic disconnection. Inspection windows are equipped with a cleaning washing system.

Specifications

Inspection windows: Ø300

Spotligh: 230V, 50W, IP65
VISULUX UL50 -G -H



Pump equipment (PU-01, PU-02, PU-03)

Pumps are used to transport substrate to the equipment and facilities in the biogas plant and away. Biogas plant design allows to access easily to all pumps. Pumps are driven by helical geared motor. Stator has hopper inlet for optimum filling of the pumping chamber, wear-protected, robust universal joint with feeding screw, robust bearing pedestal with close-coupled drive and self-centering of the drive shaft. Pumps have modular design for high flexibility, low life-cycle-costs.

Specifications

Substrate pump (PU-01)

Engine power:	7,5 kW
Flow rate:	30 m3/hour
Pressure:	2 bar
Quantity:	1 pcs

Digested substrate (PU-02)

Engine power:	11 kW
Flow rate:	40 m3/hour
Pressure:	4 bar
Quantity:	1 pcs

Filtrate pump (PU-03)

Engine power:	7,5 kW
Flow rate:	30 m3/hour
Pressure:	4 bar
Quantity:	1 pcs



Separator (SR-01)

The Press Screw Separator covers a broad spectrum of applications, from agriculture to biogas and bioethanol plants. The innovative technology separates substrates in its solid and liquid elements. The secret of the versatility of the press screw separator is that it can adjust to different dry matter contents and Thick liquids (20% dry matter content). Slotted screens have different assortment and width of table cells and give possibility work with small solids and fiber contents. In the slotted screen, the solids are screened out from the liquid. The solids build up a layer which also acts as a filter to separate finer particles from the liquid. The auger flights convey this layer to the solids outlet. The screen surface is cleaned and a new filter layer is formed. The design of the screens is not conducive to plugging. The pressure in the first part of the screen is low but increases with the solid consistency to the solid output. The consistence of the gained solid can be varied with the help of a output regulator by the amount and position of counter weights. This way the required consistency of the final product for either further storage, use as fertilizer or the basis for compost can be reached. The liquid phase can easily be drained through a pipe or hose system.

Specifications

Engine power:	5,5 kW
Flow rate:	8-30 m3/hour

Quantity:	1 pcs
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Equipment
Frame
Screw
Sieve for the filtration
Counterweights
The design of the protective room



Receiving tank (RT-01) and filtrate tank (FT-01)

Reinforced concrete reservoir for reception of liquid kinds of raw materials. The reservoirs are equipped with level sensors and submersible agitators for mixing substrate.

Specifications

Receiving tank

Diameter:	6,0 m
Height:	3,0 m
Total volume:	84 m ³
Quantity:	1 pcs

Filtrate tank

Diameter:	6,0 m
Height:	3,0 m
Total volume:	84 m ³
Quantity:	1 pcs



Submersible mixer (AG-06, AG-07)

The submersible motor agitator serves for mixing renewable raw materials (RRM), liquid substrate as manure and similar substrates. The electro-motor driven submersible agitator is designed for submersion operations in potentially explosive environments of Ex zone 2 and complies with Directive 94/9 EC. The submersible agitator can be attached to most sliding masts by means of the motor support. A mounting option for a hauling cable is provided on the motor support for height adjustment purposes.

Due to the 4-roller guidance of the motor support, the agitator can be lifted and lowered without friction and the square mast, even if the pull of the hauling cable is slightly angular. The motor support is designed for a 100 x 100 mm square sliding mast as standard, but can also be used for an 80 x 80 mm sliding mast by changing the rollers. The strain relief of the connecting cable can be positioned in the extension of the motor or towards the top on the motor support, depending on the requirements. This enables universal utilization with the most various installation kits.

The geared motor is made of spheroidal graphite iron (GGG40) and painted, the propeller is galvanized and the motor support is made of stainless steel. The submersible motor agitator is designed as a water pressure-tight monoblock unit for driving the three-vane propeller. The submersible agitator is of modular design, submersible electro-motor with flange-mounted planetary gear and bearing flange for holding the propeller. The conical shaft in the bearing flange is mounted in the oil bath by two angular roller bearings and sealed off from the agitating substrate with a mechanical seal.

Specifications

Agitator for receiving tank

Nominal power: 5,5 kW

Quantity: 1 pcs

Agitator for filtrate tank

Nominal power: 3,0 kW

Quantity: 1 pcs



Gasholder

The gasholder provides for biogas storage and for equalizing pressure and biogas composition. The gasholder system has a two-layer construction. The external material consists of a weather-proof film of PVC-coated polyester fabrics with UV protection. The gasholder has a methane permeation maximum of $260 \text{ cm}^3/\text{m}^2 \cdot 1 \text{ bar}$ biogas resistance.

The biogas pressure in the gasholder is 2-5 mbar. The membranes are designed and cut out on NC machines. Welding is executed by high frequency currents. These steps yield substantial improvements for quality and service life compared to handmade membranes welded by standard welding equipment.

To prevent damage to the gasholder as a result of overpressure conditions, a safety valve is installed. To survey the internal membrane, an inspection window is installed on the external membrane.

Specifications

Height:	15,0 m
Length:	54,0 m
Width:	30,0 m
The total volume :	13 090 m³
Quantity:	1 pcs



Biogas dryer and cooling (CHL-01)

Biogas dryer and cooling are provided with special equipment as GAS COOLER and AIR-COOLED LIQUID CHILLER. Biogas plants thanks to an extensive range of dedicated Biogas solutions, low pressure heat exchangers, a comprehensive range of water chillers and RWD Dry Coolers. Designed as one-way shell-and-tube heat exchanger. Process gas inside of the tubes; cooling water in the shell. All parts in contact with the process gas made of stainless steel 316Ti or 316L; heat exchanger shell made of stainless steel/ Designed with gas outlet chamber outlet connection radial; inspection opening axial Official acceptance according to PED 2014/68/EU in accordance with ADMerkblätter and factory pressure test.

Specifications

Gas volume flow:	2000 m³/hour
Gas inlet temperature:	+55°C
Gas outlet temperature:	+30°C
Electric power:	54 кВт
Quantity:	1 pcs



Biogas compressor (BC-01, BC-02, BC-03, BC-04)

Biogas blower is a device used to move gas and increase pressure thanks to a rotating impeller within a toroidal channel, so there is a progressive increase of energy.

1st-stage blowers are used to supply biogas from reactor to gasholder for accumulating biogas during the day.

2nd-stage blowers are used to supply biogas to CHP plants.

Specifications

1st-stage blowers

Flow rate:	1000 m ³ /hour
Pressure:	150 mbar
Engine power:	15 kW

Quantity:	2 pcs
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2nd -stage blowers

Flow rate:	2000 m ³ /hour
Pressure:	150 mbar
Engine power:	24 kW

Quantity:	2 pcs
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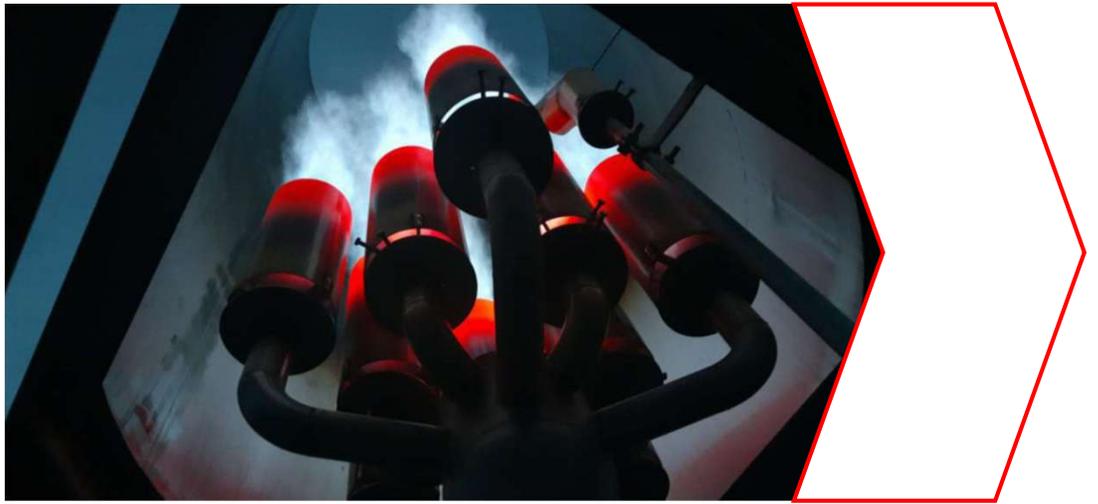


Desulphurization system

The desulphurization system is a 3-step system. Stage 1 is adding Ferrum Hydroxide. Stage 2 - biological. Adding a certain portion of air to the fermenter. Air by special bacteria, converting H_2S into S. After 1 and 2 steps the sulphur concentration is 80 ppm. Stage 3 - activated charcoal filtration, as activated charcoal has the capability to absorb sulfur. After passing through activated charcoal filters, the sulfur concentration is reduced to 0 ppm.

Specifications

Charcoal filter	(CF-01)
The volume of charcoal:	300 kg
Quantity:	1 pcs



Flare

Flare is designed for the temporary or periodical complete combustion of the biogas produced by biogas plants without the possibility of its use as an energy source. The burn system consists of a burner and additional equipment. The burner is designed on the principle of injection and consists of a combustion nozzle with an injector with an air supply control system, flame protection tube, fitting and burner control system. The biogas combustion system is made of stainless steel.

The supporting structure holds the burner and vertically mounted socket. The burn control system is installed in a case, which is mounted on the supporting structure of the combustion system and contains all the elements for monitoring and controlling ignition and flame.

Specifications

Flow rate:	2000 m³/hour
Pressure:	min 10 mbar- max 60 mbar

Quantity:	1 pcs
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Cogeneration power plant (CHP-01, CHP-02)

A cogeneration power plant (CHP) is used for producing electricity and heat. CHP is a very efficient technology for generating electricity and heat together. A CHP plant is an installation where there is simultaneous generation of usable electric power and heat in a single process, and it can provide a secure and highly efficient method of generating electricity and heat at the point of use. Due to the utilization of heat from electricity generation and the avoidance of transmission losses, due to electricity being generated on site, CHP typically achieves a 35 per cent reduction in primary energy usage compared with power stations and heat only boilers. This allows for economic savings where there is a suitable balance between heat and power loads. Another important factor, showing the benefits of cogeneration and CHP, is its low environmental impact. CHP produces lower quantities of pollutant emissions and heat pollution of the atmosphere. The current mix of CHP installations achieves a reduction of over 10 per cent in CO₂ emissions in comparison with combined-cycle gas turbines.

Specifications

Produced electric power:	2300 kW
Produced heat power:	1231 kW
Emissions:	NO_x < 500 mg/Nm³ (5% O₂)
Generator:	400V, 50Hz

Quantity:	2 pcs
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Water and sewerage system



Water supplying system provides biogas plant feed water, water for network circuits, the domestic water and fire safety systems. As used centrifugal single stage pumps as main pumping elements. These pumps are designed for pumping waste water, household / domestic water and sewage. Pressure Boosting Systems are designed for pure water pressure boosting in industrial plants. The booster comprises 2 to 3 (connected in parallel pumps) installed on a common base frame, and provided with all the necessary fittings.

Specifications

Drain pump
Pressure 4m
Flow 2-3 m³ / h
Engine 0,24 kW

Equipment
Pump case control
Stove-base
gauges
Check valves
Float switches
Brackets
Valves



Heating system

Heating equipment is used for biogas plant heating and for sustaining constant temperature in the fermenter. Heating equipment includes circulation pumps, heat exchanger, heating manifold and pipes. The heat from the boiler is transferred to the biogas plant by using heat exchanger, and then is pumped through of biogas plant by circulation pumps. A heat carrier prepares water with an additive of ethylene glycol. Inlet temperature in the fermenter is 60C, the outlet is 40C.

Specifications

Circulating pump feeding heat carrier

Engine power:	3,5 kW
Flow:	28 m ³ /hour
Pressure:	1 bar

Circulating pump feeding heat carrier

Engine power:	2,0 kW
Flow:	12m ³ /hour
Pressure:	1 bar

The pumping station feeding propylene glycol

Engine power:	0,7 kW
Flow:	1 m ³ /hour
Pressure:	4 bar

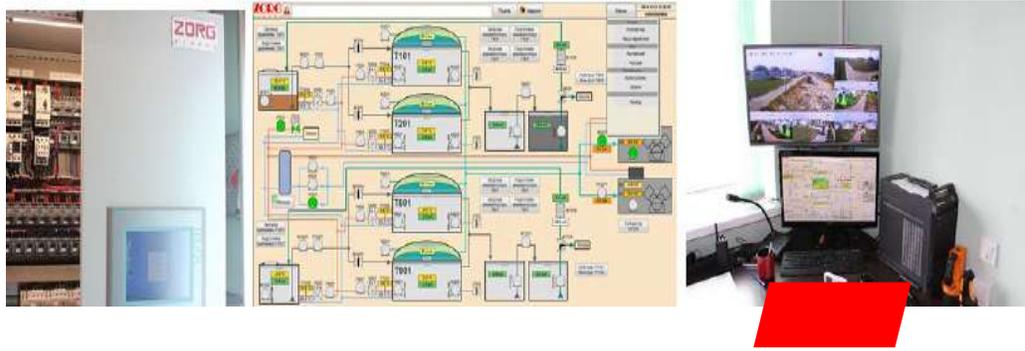


Dry cooler (cooling substrate system)

Device is designed to cool the substrate to working temperature according to technological regime. When use high temperature substrate, there is a chance of uncontrolled heating. The cooler is connected to the heating pipes, heat exchangers and it will be activated if it is need.

Specifications

Heat power:	100 kW
Electric power:	4 kW
Quantity:	1 pcs



Automation and electrical equipment

Process control equipment is used for supervision and regulation operation of the plant and for the limitation of damage. In case of emergency (for example, breakdown of the electrical power supply) the biogas plant is automatically transferred to safe operating conditions by the process instrumentation. Critical electrically driven devices are supplied with emergency power. An automatic system allows the supervision of the plant in real time and to recognize and correct aberrations immediately; to run the plant at its optimum saving resources and costs; and to record for the electronic database operation parameters. The automatic system consists of a control cabinet and sensors for parameter control of technological processes and execution devices.

The control cabinet is designed based on the industrial controller Siemens CPU315-DP2, using periphery distributing system Simatic ET200S, and operator panel OP277 Touch with touch-sensitive controls. Communications is executed by PROFIBUS and MPI with physical interface RS-485. The control program is designed based on the Simatic Step7. The control cabinet is a modular design. The upper part has a power box with central and front-end processor. The periphery distributing system, Simatic ET200S, is installed with input - output units. The lower part with interface relay and clips is installed for connecting execution devices. The entire plant is controlled by a single operator.

Specifications

Incoming control case with automatic set ASE-1, 2, 3

Base Siemens CPU315-DP2 controller

Peripherals Simatic ET200S

Control panel OP277 touchscreen

Communication PROFIBUS and MPI

Interface RS-485

Control system Simatic Step7



Sensors set

Sensors are used to measure physical quantities (temperature, pressure, level of moisture) data collection.
installation kits

Specifications

Conductometric sensor

Pressure Sensor / level

Ultrasonic sensor

Gas Pressure Sensor

Temperature converters with protective sleeves

The moisture sensor and the gas temperature



Laboratory

Monitoring and control of parameters of raw materials and fermentation processes is important for the efficient operation of a biogas plant. The laboratory allows you to assess the content of dry matter in the input raw materials, fermented mass, determine the ratio of volatile organic acids to total inorganic carbon (FOS/TAC parameter), determine the degree of substrate fermentation in fermenters, the level of biogas output, and evaluate the efficiency of separator.

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Equipment

Analytical scales

Moisture analyzer

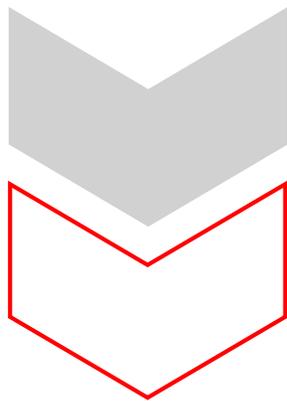
Automatic titrator

Laboratory pH meter

Centrifuge

A set of flasks

Equipment specification list



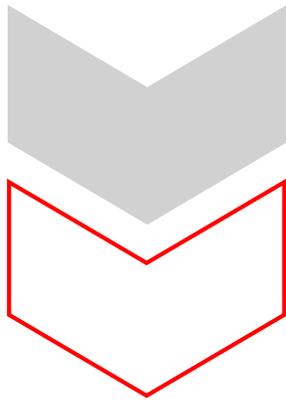
Nº	Equipment	Characteristic	Quantity
1	Solid feeder	V=50 m3	1
1.1	Container bunker		1
1.2	Feeding screws	set.	1
2	Submersible mixer	N=5,5kW	1
2.1	Airtight motor gearbox		1
2.2	Hydraulic screw (wear-resistant steel)		1
2.3	Mixer control mechanism		1
2.4	Electric motor mount		1
2.5	Set of fasteners		1
3	Reactor vertical agitator	N=15 kW	5
3.1	Airtight motor gearbox		5
3.2	Hydraulic screw (wear-resistant steel)		5
3.3	Shaft (adapted to the height of the fermenter)		5
3.4	Blade		5
3.5	Frequency converter		5
3.6	Mounting bracket to bottom of the mixer		5
4	Safety valve of digesters		1
5	Window with a searchlight	set	1
5.1	Inspection window RD300 (mounts and sealant included)	Ø300	2
5.2	Spotlight (mount system bundled) VISULUX UL50 -G -H	230V, 50W, IP65	1
6	Substrate digested pump	40m3/hour N=11 kW	1

Nº	Equipment	Characteristic	Quantity
7	Separator	N=5.5kW	1
7.1	Body		1
7.2	Substrate Supply Pipe 4 ''		1
7.3	Engine - Gearbox	N=5,5 kW	1
7.4	Frame		1
7.5	Screw		1
7.6	Sieve for filtration		1
8	Filtrate pump	30 m3/hour N=7,5 kW	1
9	Liquid substate pump	30 m3/hour N=7,5 kW	1
10	Filtrate submersible mixer	3,0kW	1
11	PVC gas holder	13 090 m3	1
11.1	Weather protection film		1
11.2	Gasholder film PELD methane permeation max.260 cm3/m2*d*1 bar, 650 N/5cm biogas resistant		1
11.3	Air blower	16A, 0,5kW	
11.4	Excess and minimum pressure valve		1
11.5	Dome level sensor		1
11.6	Mounting system		1
11.7	Accessories		1
11.8	Safety valve		1
12	Biogas Cooling System	2000 m3/h	1
12.1	Chiller		1
12.2	Heat exchanger		1
12.3	Polypropylene glycol tank		1
13	Desulphurization system		1
13.1	Numbers of charcoal columns	300 kg	1

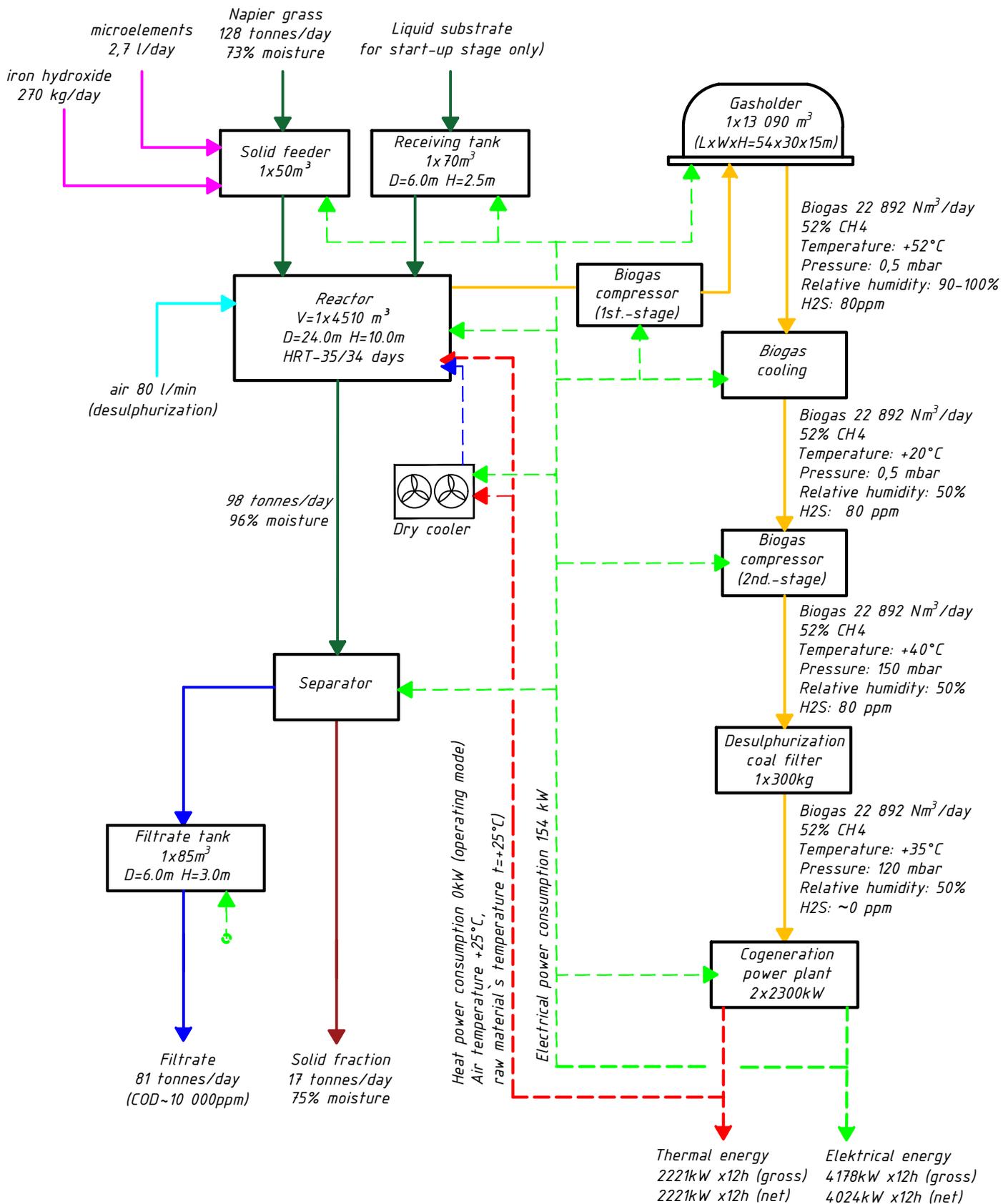
Nº	Equipment	Characteristic	Quantity
14	Biogas compressor (1 st -stage)	Q=1000 m3/h, H=150mBar, N=15kW	2
15	Biogas compressor (2 nd -stage)	Q=2000 m3/h, H=150mBar, N=24kW	2
16	Electromagnetic flow meter		1
17	Flare	2000 m3/h	1
18	Gas equipment included	set	1
18.1	Drainage pump with float	DN=50, Q=1m3/h, H=13 m	2
19	The heat supply system	set	1
19.1	Diaphragm expansion tank	V=1000 l,P=6Bar T=120°C	1
19.2	Circulating pump for supplying heat carrier	Q=30 m3/h,H=1bar	1
19.3	Propylene glycol feed pump station heating systems	Q=1,0 m3/h, H=4 bar	1
19.4	Circulation pump for supplying heat carrier to the digester	Q=18 m3/h, H=1.1 bar	1
20	Water supply and sewerage system, complete, disassembled	set	1
21	Cogeneration power plant	2300kW	2
22	Automation with electrical equipment	set	1
22.1	Incoming distribution cabinet with a set of automation DB-1		1
22.2	Incoming distribution cabinet with a set of automation DB-2		1
23	Sensors, set		1
23.1	Gas pressure sensor 0,025Bar		2
23.2	Gas pressure sensor 0,4Bar		2
23.3	Pressure sensor(substrate level) 1,0Bar		4
23.4	Pressure sensor (substrate pressure) 2,5bar		4

Nº	Equipment	Characteristic	Quantity
23.5	Resistive thermometer (gas temperature)		4
23.6	Resistive thermometer with thermo well (fermenter substrate temperature)		4
23.7	Resistive thermometer with thermo-well (digester tank substrate temperature)		4
23.8	Resistive thermometer (heat conductor temperature)		6
23.9	Conductometric sensor of maximum level		6
23.10	Conductometric sensor of water level		6
23.11	Dome position sensor		1
23.12	Coolant pressure sensor	SEN 3276 B065 G1/2 6Bar	8
23.13	Humidity and gas temperature sensor	ESFTF-I	2
24	Dry cooler 100kW heat pow.		1
24	Laboratory	set	1

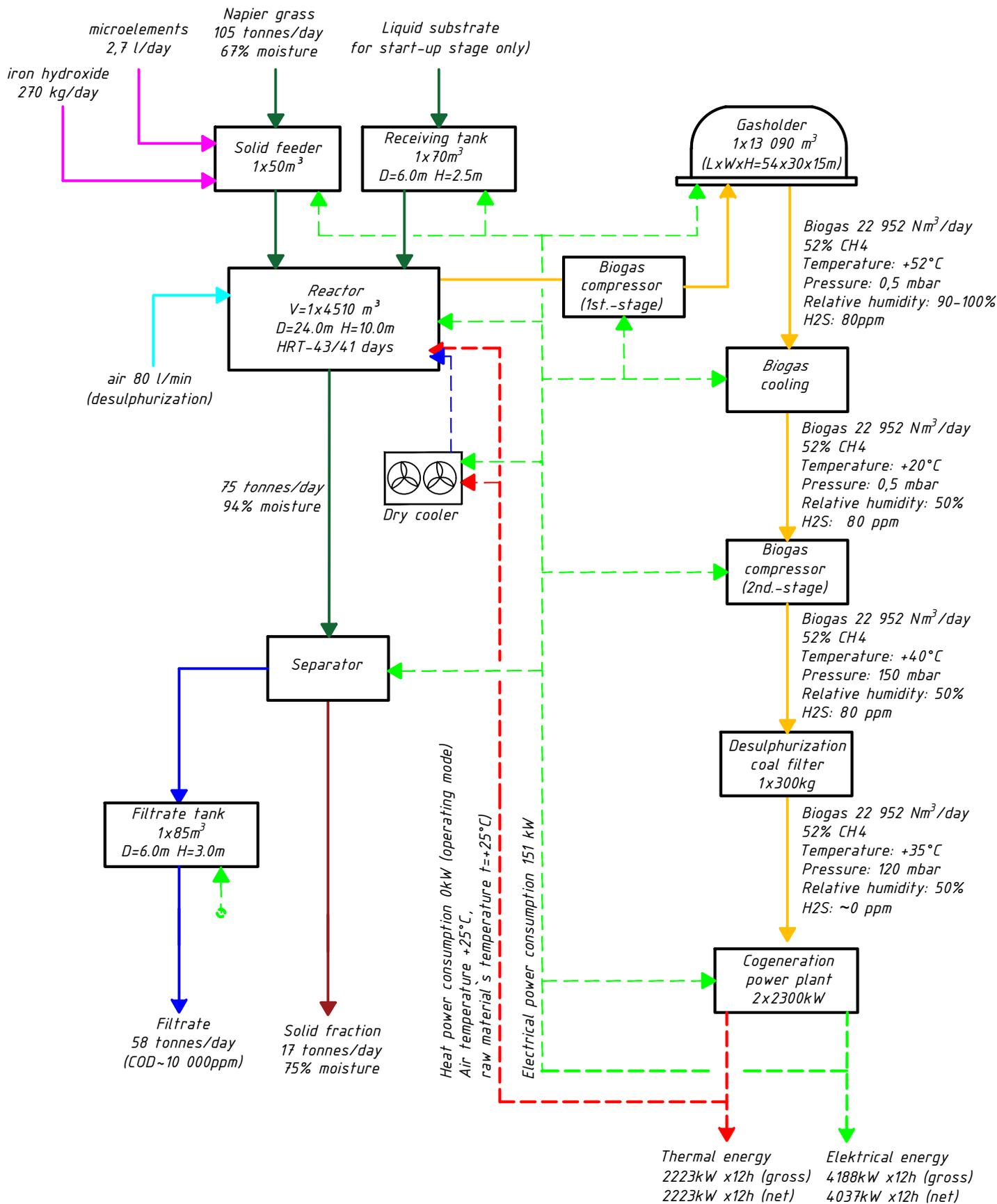
APPENDICES



Material flow diagram (Napier gras 27% TS)



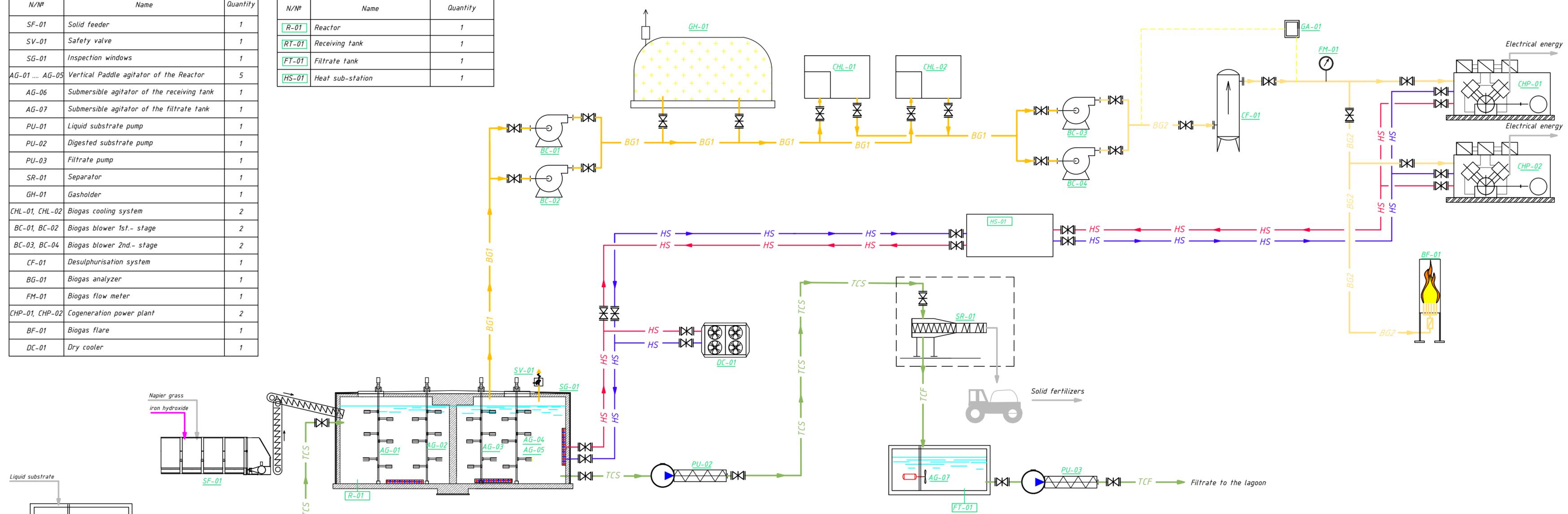
Material flow diagram (Napier gras 33% TS)



Explication		
N/Nº	Name	Quantity
SF-01	Solid feeder	1
SV-01	Safety valve	1
SG-01	Inspection windows	1
AG-01 AG-05	Vertical Paddle agitator of the Reactor	5
AG-06	Submersible agitator of the receiving tank	1
AG-07	Submersible agitator of the filtrate tank	1
PU-01	Liquid substrate pump	1
PU-02	Digested substrate pump	1
PU-03	Filtrate pump	1
SR-01	Separator	1
GH-01	Gasholder	1
CHL-01, CHL-02	Biogas cooling system	2
BC-01, BC-02	Biogas blower 1st.- stage	2
BC-03, BC-04	Biogas blower 2nd.- stage	2
CF-01	Desulphurisation system	1
BG-01	Biogas analyzer	1
FM-01	Biogas flow meter	1
CHP-01, CHP-02	Cogeneration power plant	2
BF-01	Biogas flare	1
DC-01	Dry cooler	1

Structure		
N/Nº	Name	Quantity
R-01	Reactor	1
RT-01	Receiving tank	1
FT-01	Filtrate tank	1
HS-01	Heat sub-station	1

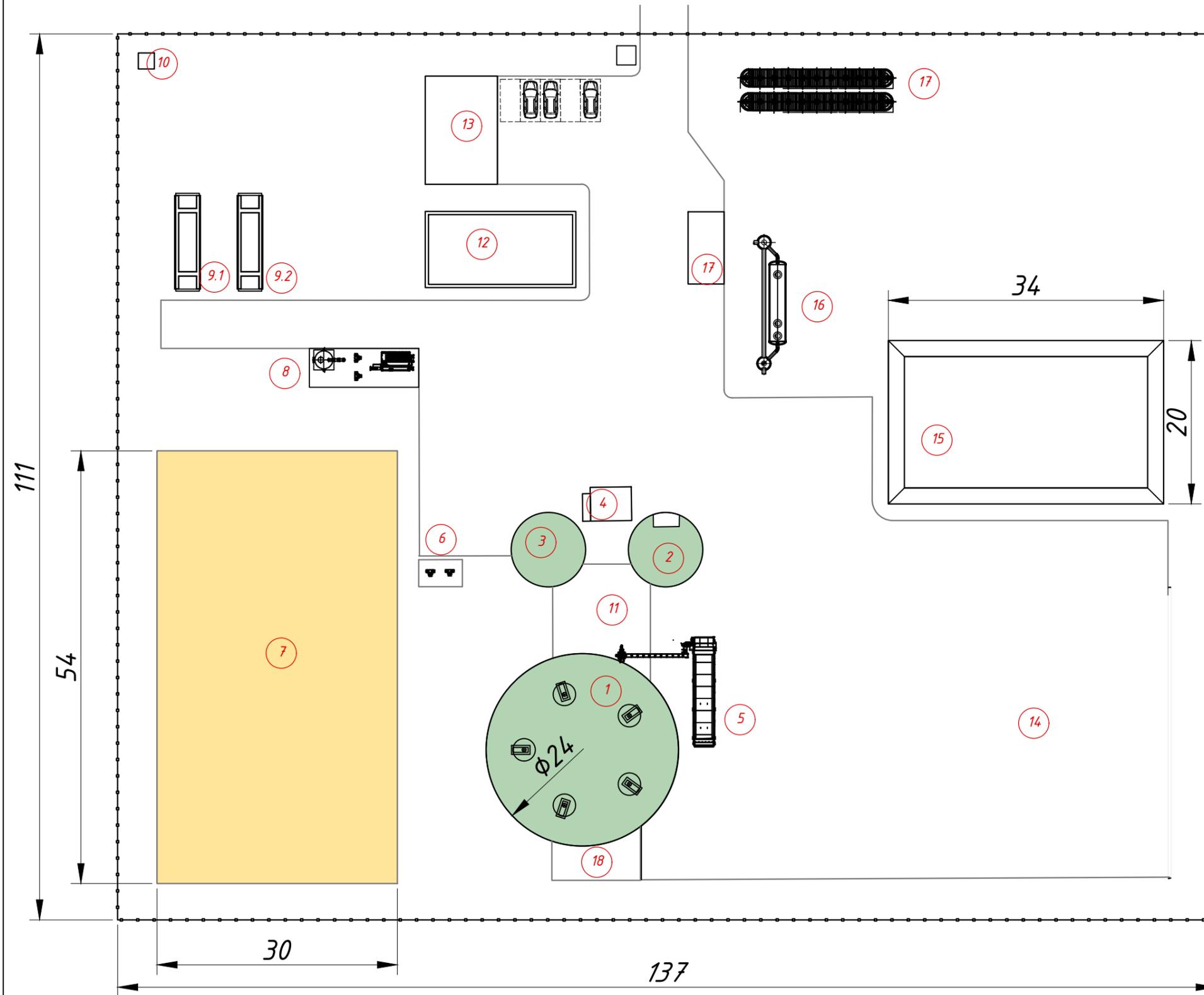
Basic diagram



Legend main pipelines

—	Substrate
—	Filtrate
—	Biogas
—	Biogas
—	Heat system pipeline

Plan



Explication

N/Nº	Name	Note
1	Reactor	
2	Receiving tank	
3	Filtrate tank	
4	Separator area	
5	Solid loader	
6	Biogas blowers 1 st-stage	
7	Gas holder	
8	Gas preparation (chiller, 2nd -stage biogas blowers, filter)	
9	CHP	
10	Biogas flare	
11	Equipment room	
12	Administrative building	
13	Warehousr	
14	Grass storage	
15	Lagoon	
16	Rain water treatment facilities	
17	Fire water collection tank	
18	Electrical switchboard room	

S=3,7 acres

Prices for a biogas plant 4MW electric power 12 hours/day

Pos	Name	Number of units	Discounted unit price, EUR	Price sub-total, EUR
1	Project documentation	1	69 000	69 000
2	Supervision	1	30 000	30 000
3	Startup and training	1	30 000	30 000
4	Living and travel expences	1	25 000	25 000
5	Delivery of the equipment	12	10 000	120 000
6	Laboratory	1	27 000	27 000
7	Solid feeder (dosing buffer machine) 50m3	1	105 000	105 000
8	Screw conveyor	1	114 000	114 000
9	Digester vertical agitator	5	78 000	390 000
10	Frame for Digester vertical agitator above	5	6 000	30 000
11	Substrate pump 11kW	1	29 000	29 000
12	Digested substrate pump 7,5kW	1	29 000	29 000
13	Filtrate supply pump 7,5kW	1	29 000	29 000
14	Substrate separation unit 5,5kW	1	54 000	54 000
15	Submersible agitator for receiving tank 3kW	1	10 000	10 000
16	Submersible agitator for filtrate tank 3,0kW	1	10 000	10 000
17	Over- and under pressure safeguard	1	10 000	10 000
18	Sight glasses/viewing windows with projector	1	6 000	6 000
19	Water supply and canalization system	1	27 000	27 000
20	Heat supply station	1	37 000	37 000
21	Dry-cooler (Substrate cooling system for fermenter)	1	36 000	36 000
22	Automation and electric cabinet	1	155 000	155 000
23	Sensors (set)	3	21 000	63 000
24	Gasholder 13090m3	1	210 000	210 000
25	Biogas chiller (Biogas cooling system) 2000m3/h	1	115 000	115 000
26	Biogas blower 1000 m3/h (1st-stage)	2	8 000	16 000
27	Biogas blower 2000 m3/h (2st-stage)	2	16 000	32 000
28	Desulphurization column with active coal 300 kg	1	30 000	30 000
29	Biogas flare 1000 m3/h	1	65 000	65 000
30	Gas analyzer	1	27 000	27 000
31	Gas conditioning unit	1	39 000	39 000
32	CHP units MWM Caterpillar TCG3020V20 XW/ 2300kW el with HT cooling system (HT), LT cooling system, Exhaust silencer, Oil tank with level sensors. HAS electric cabinet)	2	930 000	1 860 000
33	Lagoon filtrate Storage (V=2000 m3)	1	20 000	20 000
34	Silage storage for 70 days (V=9000 m3)	1	120 000	120 000
35	Construction and installation (concerete reactor, thermal insulation, deco covering, inox substrate and gas pipes, cables)	1	1 000 000	1 000 000
		ORG, EUR		3 829 000
		by Client, EUR		1 140 000
		FUR		
		TOTAL Zorg + Client, EUR		4 969 000

Client

Implementation terms and payment

Year	2026											
Months	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Project documentation	50%		50%									
Approvals and permits												
Equipment				30%		20%	20%	30%				
Delivery												
CHP	30%								70%			
Delivery												
Construction												
Supervision					20%	20%	20%	20%	20%			
Biogas plant start-up											50%	50%

Contracts

Project implementation is executed simultaneously under several contracts

- Engineering contract
- Equipment supply contract
- Supervision contract
- Start-up and training contract

List of exclusionsfor :

- 1) Topographic and geological surveys 3000-7000 EUR
- 2) Electric transformer.
- 3) External roads,
- 4) Temporary water supply during the construction and the hydraulic test of reactors at least 500 m³ water per day. It can be a technical quality water from a river, lake, well. Not salty.
- 5) Bacterial seed for the start-up. It can be biomass from another biogas plant. Possible also cow manure, any kind of manure, sludge from city sewage treatment plant. Customer needs to bring the seed one-time during a 1-2-week period and to fill with it at least 15-20% of the reactor volume 600-900 m³. The rest is filled with the water item above.
- 6) Machinery to transport raw material to and from storage to the solid feeders (a truck, a frontal loader, a tractor).
- 7) Machinery to transport filtrate and the biofertilizer from the biogas plant to the agricultural fields (a truck, a frontal loader, a tractor).
- 8) Activated carbon 0,3 tonne per 2 years x 4800 EUR/tonne = 1440 EUR
- 9) FeO(OH)- 99 tonnes per year x 900 EUR/tonne = 2 400 EUR
- 10) Microelements 2,7lx 365= 986 l per year x 25 EUR/l= 76 650 EUR
- 11) Demineralized water to the heating system 1,0 tonnes,
- 12) Spare parts for two years – 90 000 EUR



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